Security Ontologies

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Presentation in the course "Ontologies and ontology engineering"





Agenda

- Overview of information security
- Information security problems
- Security ontology examples
- Requirements of security ontologies
- Conclusions
- Discussion

Information Security Problems





Web Service Security

- Security Attack Ontology for Web Services
- Web services Popularity
- New security threats
- How Attackers do it? Easy...Easy...Easy...!
- Example: XML Injection attack, DoS

Solutions

- Solutions to attacks just discussed
- Distributed Firewall/Intrusion Detection Systems
- Problems: Interoperability
- Rescue → Ontologies
- Why Ontology?

Example: Mitnick attack and variation called XML Mitnick attack





OWL class for Mitnick attack

- <owl:Class rdf:ID="&WSAttacks;WSMittnick">
- <owl:intersectionOf rdf:parseType="Collection">
- <owl:Class rdf:about="#SynFlood"/>
- <owl:Class rdf:about="#WSProbing"/>
- <owl:Class rdf:about="#Probing"/>
- <owl:Class rdf:about="#XMLInjection"/>
- </owl:intersectionOf>
- </owl:Class>



Modeling Computer Attacks: an Ontology for Intrusion Detection

- Issues with current IDS systems:
 - Changes necessitates change to the software system
 - Lacking reasoning capabilities
 - Interportability
- Ontologies to the rescue and how?

Target Centric Ontolgoy

- From Taxonomy to Ontology
 - Taxonomy categorized according to genesis, time of introduction and location
 - Weber defined category *consequence*
 - Target Centric IDS from Lindqvist and Jonsson

Developed IDS Ontology





Detecting attacks with Ontology: Example

- A basic Denial of Service attack
- Mitnick attack (combination of DoS, TCP sequence number prediction and IP spoofing)
- DAML+OIL specification of Mitnick attack

<daml:Class rdf:about="&Intrusion;Mitnick" rdfs:label="P\ Mitnick"> <rdfs:subClassOf> <daml:Restriction> <daml:onProperty rdf:resource= "&IntrOnt; Victim" /> <daml:hasValue rdf:resource="#true"/> <daml:toClass rdf:resource= "&IntrOnt;DoS"/> </daml:Restriction> </rdfs:subClassOf> <rdfs:subClassOf> <daml:Restriction> <daml:onProperty rdf:resource= "&IntrOnt; est connections" /> <daml:hasValue rdf:resource= "#IP Address"/> <daml:toClass rdf:resource= "&IntrOnt; TCP" /> </daml:Restriction> </rdfs:subClassOf> </daml:Class>

Qualitative Risk Analysis

- Assets costs attacks countermeasures
- Risk: *Likelihood* * *impact*
- Example: Physical security
 - Company building
 - Valuable assets
 - Theft, fire, power loss etc.
 - What to protect and how?



LiU

Risk Analysis Ontology

- Handles the problems with:
- Large information sets
- Gaps between roles
 - Information security professionals, physical security staff, economy experts...
- Security threats vs. other threats
- Business focus

Malicious Software (Malware)

- Viruses, worms, Trojan horses
 - Shares features between types
 - Varies depending on the platform
- Anti-malware protection
 - Requires resources
 - Not suitable for resource constrained systems
- What about mobile phone malware?





Malware Ontology

- Defines malware depending on features
 - Suitable for hybrid malware
 - Adapted to mobile applications
- Fast processing in mobile devices
- Combined with a checklist for mobile users

Why Security Ontologies?

- How can ontologies be useful in the information security field?
- Creating a common terminology between groups
- Helpful in analysis of complex scenarios
- Part of the actual data processing
- Separate ontologies for different security fields or one large security ontology?

Summary

- Why ontologies are used in security
- Ontologies for:
 - Mobile malware
 - Web service security
 - Intrusion detection
 - Risk analysis

References

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- "Modeling Computer Attacks: An Ontology for Intrusion Detection" (2003), J. Undercoffer, A. Joshi and J. Pinkston
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- "Security Ontologies: Improving Quantitative Risk Analysis" (2007), A. Ekelhart, S. Fenz, M. Klemen and E. Weippl
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Thank you!

Any questions?