Computer examination in **TDDD38** Advanced Programming in C++

Date 2020-06-03StaffTime 14-20Teacher on call: ChrDepartment IDAWill answer questionsCourse code TDDD38Examiner: Klas ArviAdministrator: AnnaExam code DAT1

Teacher on call: Christoffer Holm (christoffer.holm@liu.se)
Will answer questions through Microsoft Teams or E-mail.
Examiner: Klas Arvidsson, 013-28 21 46 (klas.arvidsson@liu.se)
Administrator: Anna Grabska Eklund, 013-28 23 62

Grading

The exam consists of three parts. Complete solutions/answers to part I and part II are required for a passing grade. It is also required that you have submitted to the "Examination rules" submission in Lisam, which confirms that you swear to follow the rules.

The third part is designated for higher grades. It consists of two assignments. To get grade 4 you must solve one of these assignments. To get grade 5 you need to solve both.

Communication

- You can ask questions to Christoffer Holm (christoffer.holm@liu.se) through the chat in Microsoft Teams or by E-mail.
- General information will be published when necessary in Microsoft Teams through the team called Team_TDDD38_Exam_2020_06_03. Be sure to check there from time to time. A suggestion would be to turn on notifications in Microsoft Teams so you don't miss any important information.
- All communication with staff during the exam can be done in both English and Swedish.
- All E-mails must be sent from your official LiU E-mail address.
- In case of emergency call the teacher on call.

Rules

- You must sit in a calm environment without any other people in the same room.
- All types of communication is forbidden, the exception being questions to the course staff.
- All forms of copying are forbidden.
- You must report any and all sources of inspiration that you use. You may use cppreference.com without citing it as a source.
- When using standard library components, such as algorithms and containers, try to chose "best fit" regarding the problem to solve. Avoid unrelated/unnecessary computations and unnecessary data structures.
- C style coding is to be avoided.

- All concepts discussed during the course are OK to use.
- Your code must compile. Commented out regions of non-compiling code are acceptable if they clearly demonstrate the idea. Write a comment describing why that piece of code is commented out.
- You must be ready to demonstrate your answers to the staff after the exam if asked to.
- Failure to follow these rules will result in a *Failed* grade.

Submission

Submission will be done through Lisam on this page:

https://studentsubmissions.app.cloud.it.liu.se/Courses/TDDD38_2020VT_OX/submissions You can also find this page by going to https://lisam.liu.se, navigating to the TDDD38 course page and clicking on "Submissions" in the left-hand side menu. There your should see the following submissions:

- 2020-06-03: Examination rules
- 2020-06-03: Partial submission (16:00)
- 2020-06-03: Partial submission (18:00)
- 2020-06-03: Final submission part I
- 2020-06-03: Final submission part II
- 2020-06-03: Final submission part III

Partial submission: On the marked times you must send in the current state of all your solutions (all files). *Failure to do so within 5 minutes of the marked time will result in a failing grade.* We do not expect complete or even compiling solutions at this point. **Suggestion:** Set an alarm so you don't forget.

Final submission: When you are done with the exam, you must send in your solutions through "Final submission part I" and "Final submission part II". If you have attempted Part III you must also make a submission to "Final submission part III".

- Your solution(s) to part I should be source code files (.cc, .cpp, .h, .hh, .hpp).
- Your solution to part II should be a PDF document.
- Your solution(s) to part III should be one source code file per assignment and one PDF for your answers to all the questions presented in the assignments.
- The final submission must be submitted no later than 20:00.

When you have submitted your final submission in Lisam, make sure to send *all* of your files to christoffer.holm@liu.se and klas.arvidsson@liu.se by E-mail. This includes any .doc, .docx, .odt and .txt files. The subject line must be COURSE: Exam 2020-05-09 where COURSE is replaced with either TDDD38 or 726G82.

Submitting through Lisam: Attach the files to your submission and press the submit button (it doesn't matter which one if there are multiple). You can select multiple files by holding Ctrl and clicking the files you want to attach.

You will be prompted "Do you really want to submit?". Double check that you have everything, and then press "Submit" on the popup.

You will then see a popup: "You will be redirected automatically when everything is finished" Once that has finished you will redirected to the submission page. You should also get a confirmation E-mail.

Agree to the examination rules

Before starting to work on Part I you must submit the message "I have read and understood the rules of the examination, and I swear to follow those rules" to the submission called "2020-06-03: Examination rules" in Lisam (see above).

Do this before starting the exam!

Page 4 of 9

Part I

Introduction

This part of the exam deals with practical programming skills. You will discuss your solution to this part in part II of the exam.

Note that your code should compile on Ubuntu 18 with g++ version 7 or later with the flags: -std=c++17 -Wall -Wextra -Wpedantic. You can test your code on ThinLinc if you don't have access to Ubuntu 18 or g++ version 7 on your local machine.

The problem

In json.cc there is a given program. This program implements a basic library for creating and managing simple JSON objects. The library allows the user to create JSON objects in code that can then be printed in textual format.

A JSON object is a collection of key-value pairs where the keys are strings and the values can be of many different types. In the given program the values can be: null, a string, a number (floating-point) or another JSON object. Real JSON objects have support for many more types but we will ignore those in this assignment.

There is a problem however. This library is very out-dated and written by someone who isn't that familiar with C++. Your job is to demonstrate to the author how this library can be improved by using modern C++ by introducing classes, polymorphism, the STL and templates.

The focus for this assignment is for you to demonstrate that you can apply the language features discussed during the course to make the code better in any way you see fit. Some examples of concepts you could focus on when making the code better are: readability, maintainability, usability, code safety and efficiency. Note that this list is for inspiration, it is not a requirement. You don't have to use these concepts if you find other ways to improve the code. Just make sure to clearly discuss your intentions in part II.

The assignment

You must identify **suitable** parts of the given code that can be improved, and then demonstrate how to make those improvements. Your improvement must involve:

- STL Algorithms or STL containers (you choose which one you want to focus on)
- Classes and Polymorphism
- Templates

For each concept you must demonstrate at least one place in the code that can be improved by introducing/using that concept.

Note: It is not required that you rewrite *everything*. It is enough that you rewrite parts of the code to demonstrate your ideas and understanding.

It is up to you to show that you understand these concepts. Remember that more advanced features does not necessarily imply better code.

Note: If you have trouble showing all of these concepts in one solution, you are allowed to create different solutions based on the given code. If you do this, place each solution in its own separate file and write a comment that describe which concepts you are covering in that file.

Suggestions and hints

Suggestion: Try to quickly analyze which parts will be easier and which will be harder to rewrite and plan your time accordingly. If you want to try for higher grades our recommendation is that you are done with Part I and Part II within 3 to 4 hours.

Hint: There are a lot of comments in the code. Some of these comments contains a wishlist. These are improvements that the author would like the code to contain. You are free to use these whishlists as inspiration, but there may be other parts you wish to improve.

Hint: Some parts might be improved by completely rewriting them. Your solution doesn't have to use code from the given file, as long as your solution performs the same work as the given program but in a better way.

There are more hints and suggestions in the given file.

Part II

Rules

The answer to this part must be written as a text. You need to use a program where you can insert headers, text and code examples. You can for example use Microsoft Word or OpenOffice. It is also OK to use a pure text format (for example markdown). The important part is that the formatting clearly separates headers, text and code examples (and that you can export it as a pdf). The entire text should be possible to read and understand without reading your solution to part I. This means that you have to insert relevant pieces of code from your solution into the document. You document should be around 500 to 2000 words long.

The assignment

You must answer ALL of the following questions about your solution to part I. Remember to demonstrate **suitable** usage of these concepts in each question. More advanced features does not necessarily imply better code. It is recommended that you write one header per question.

- 1. Describe the class hierarchy of your solution. You should do **one** of these:
 - describe the classes and their relationships textually
 - draw a UML diagram (photos of hand drawn diagrams or digitally drawn diagrams are both OK)
- 2. How easy would it be to add a list of values as a possible type of JSON_Value? How has your design made it easier to make this addition? Explain.
- 3. Describe a piece of your solution where you use templates and explain why you made those changes. If you have multiple places in the code to choose from, it is up to you to describe the one you think demonstrates the usage of templates best.
- 4. Describe a piece of your solution where you use STL algorithms or STL containers and explain why you made those changes. If you have multiple places in the code to choose from, it is up to you to describe the one you think demonstrates your knowledge best.

Part III

Introduction

You only have to write this part if you want a higher grade.

In this part two programming assignments are presented, each paired with a question.

- To get a grade 4 you need to solve one of the assignments.
- To get a grade 5 you need to solve both assignments.

We count a solution as solved if you have fulfilled the requirements specified in the assignment and if you have answered the question.

Write your answers to the questions in a separate document that you then submit as a PDF with your code to "2020-06-03: Final submission part III". Note that your answers can be short as long as they actually answer the question.

Note: We don't expect perfect solutions. If you are *close enough* we might still grade the assignment as solved. So if you feel that you are close to a solution you can still submit it. But if you do, make sure to write comments on what you have tried and why you think it didn't work.

Note: Any solution that doesn't compile will not be considered solved. So make sure to comment out any code that causes compile errors.

Assignment 1

In assignment1.cc there is a test program given. This program uses 3 different datatypes:

- **Pair** is an empty class template that takes two template parameters: T which is an arbitrary type and N which is an **int** value.
- List is an empty class template that takes an arbitrary amount of data types as template parameters.
- Lookup is a class template that takes two template parameters, T and U. It also contains a constant static int variable called value.

Each Pair couples a datatype T with some integer value N while List contains a collection of such pairs (in this assignment we will assume that all parameters passed to List is an instance of Pair).

Lookup is used to search among the pairs in a List for a specific datatype and will then store the int value of corresponding datatype in Lookup::value. You may assume that the saught after datatype will always exist in the list.

Your assignment is to implement Pair, List and Lookup.

Lookup takes T as its first template parameter. This parameter is the datatype we are looking for in the specified List. The idea is that Lookup will find the *first* Pair that contains T. This Pair also contains an integer value: store that value in Lookup::value. One way to implement Lookup is to create two specializations:

- 1. If the first pair in the List contains T then simply store the integer value in Lookup::value.
- 2. If the first pair in the List does not contain T, then set Lookup::value to the value of Lookup<T, Ts...>::value, where Ts contains every pair except the first. This way we will recurse through every Pair until we find one that contains T.

You shouldn't have to modify main to make this work.

Question: Is it possible to solve this problem during runtime instead of compile-time?

- If yes: outline how it can be done and what parts of the interface needs to change.
- If no: why not?

Page 9 of 9

Assignment 2

Adding the content of one container to the end of another container is quite useful from time to time. Unfortunately the STL doesn't have singular one way to this. Depending on which containers you are working with, the way to best concatenate them might differ.

In this assignment you will create a function template concat that take two arbitrary containers as references: left and right. This function should add the content of right to the end of left. But, depending on which functions left supports, the implementation of concat will differ. These are the three cases that you must implement in this assignment:

- 1. If left += right is valid, do that.
- 2. Otherwise, if left has the push_back function, then iterate through right and use push_back to insert the elements of right into left.
- 3. Lastly, if none of the above are supported, then use insert. Iterate through right and use insert to add the values to *the end* of left (you can insert to the end with insert if you pass the end iterator as the insertion point).

There is a test program given in assignment2.cc.

Question: Why do we introduce a priority order on the different cases? Is it necessary?

- If it is necessary, why?
- If it is not necessary, hwo would we solve it without a priority?