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Computer examination in  
**TDDD38** Advanced Programming in C++

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**Date** 2020-08-19

## Staff

**Time** 8-14

**Teacher on call:** Christoffer Holm (christoffer.holm@liu.se)

**Department** IDA

Will answer questions through Microsoft Teams or E-mail.

**Course code** TDDD38

**Examiner:** Klas Arvidsson, 013-28 21 46 (klas.arvidsson@liu.se)

**Exam code** DAT1

**Administrator:** Anna Grabska Eklund, 013-28 23 62

## Grading

The exam consists of three parts. Complete solutions/answers to part I and part II are required for a passing grade. It is also required that you have submitted to the “Examination rules” submission in Lisam, which confirms that you swear to follow the rules.

The third part is designated for higher grades. It consists of two assignments. To get grade 4 you must solve one of these assignments. To get grade 5 you need to solve both.

## Communication

- You can ask questions to Christoffer Holm (christoffer.holm@liu.se) through the chat in Microsoft Teams or by E-mail.
- General information will be published when necessary in Microsoft Teams through the team called **Team\_TDDD38\_Exam\_2020\_08\_19**. Be sure to check there from time to time. A suggestion would be to turn on notifications in Microsoft Teams so you don't miss any important information.
- All communication with staff during the exam can be done in both English and Swedish.
- All E-mails must be sent from your official LiU E-mail address.
- In case of emergency call the teacher on call.

## Rules

- You must sit in a calm environment without any other people in the same room.
- All types of communication is forbidden, the exception being questions to the course staff.
- All forms of copying are forbidden.
- You must report any and all sources of inspiration that you use. You may use cppreference.com without citing it as a source.
- When using standard library components, such as algorithms and containers, try to choose “best fit” regarding the problem to solve. Avoid unrelated/unnecessary computations and unnecessary data structures.
- C style coding is to be avoided.

- All concepts discussed during the course are OK to use.
- Your code must compile. Commented out regions of non-compiling code are acceptable if they clearly demonstrate the idea. Write a comment describing why that piece of code is commented out.
- You must be ready to demonstrate your answers to the staff after the exam if asked to.
- Failure to follow these rules will result in a *Failed* grade.

## Submission

Submission will be done through Lisam on this page:

[https://studentsubmissions.app.cloud.it.liu.se/Courses/TDDD38\\_2020VT\\_0X/submissions](https://studentsubmissions.app.cloud.it.liu.se/Courses/TDDD38_2020VT_0X/submissions)

You can also find this page by going to <https://lisam.liu.se>, navigating to the TDDD38 course page and clicking on “Submissions” in the left-hand side menu. There you should see the following submissions:

- 2020-08-19: Examination rules
- 2020-08-19: Partial submission (10:00)
- 2020-08-19: Partial submission (12:00)
- 2020-08-19: Final submission part I
- 2020-08-19: Final submission part II
- 2020-08-19: Final submission part III

**Partial submission:** On the marked times you must send in the current state of all your solutions (all files). *Failure to do so within 5 minutes of the marked time will result in a failing grade.* We do not expect complete or even compiling solutions at this point.

**Suggestion:** Set an alarm so you don't forget.

**Final submission:** When you are done with the exam, you must send in your solutions through “Final submission part I” and “Final submission part II”. If you have attempted Part III you must also make a submission to “Final submission part III”.

- Your solution(s) to part I should be source code files (.cc, .cpp, .h, .hh, .hpp).
- Your solution to part II should be a PDF document.
- Your solution(s) to part III should be one source code file per assignment and one PDF for your answers to all the questions presented in the assignments.
- The final submission must be submitted no later than 14:00.

When you have submitted your final submission in Lisam, make sure to send *all* of your files to [christoffer.holm@liu.se](mailto:christoffer.holm@liu.se) and [klas.arvidsson@liu.se](mailto:klas.arvidsson@liu.se) by E-mail. This includes any .doc, .docx, .odt and .txt files. The subject line must be COURSE: Exam 2020-08-19 where COURSE is replaced with either TDDD38 or 726G82.

**Submitting through Lisam:** Attach the files to your submission and press the submit button (it doesn't matter which one if there are multiple). You can select multiple files by holding Ctrl and clicking the files you want to attach.

You will be prompted “Do you really want to submit?”. Double check that you have everything, and then press “Submit” on the popup.

You will then see a popup: “You will be redirected automatically when everything is finished” Once that has finished you will redirected to the submission page. You should also get a confirmation E-mail.

## **Agree to the examination rules**

Before starting to work on Part I you must submit the message “**I have read and understood the rules of the examination, and I swear to follow those rules**” to the submission called “2020-08-19: Examination rules” in Lisam (see above).

**Do this before starting the exam!**

## Part I

### Introduction

This part of the exam deals with practical programming skills. You will discuss your solution to this part in part II of the exam.

Note that your code should compile on Ubuntu 18 with g++ version 7 or later with the flags: `-std=c++17 -Wall -Wextra -Wpedantic`. You can test your code on ThinLinc if you don't have access to Ubuntu 18 or g++ version 7 on your local machine.

### The problem

In `quiz.cc` there is a given program. This program implements a small terminal based quiz system. This system allows the programmer to create questions that can then be presented to the user. It will then check the answer given by the user and calculate scores.

In this system there are different types of questions: there are multiple choice questions (two versions, one where only one of the alternatives is correct and one where multiple answers are correct) and free form questions where the user simply types in the answer manually.

Unfortunately this system doesn't really utilize the full power of C++ since it is written by someone who isn't particularly comfortable with the language. Your job is to demonstrate to the author how this system can be improved by using modern C++. This is done by introducing classes, polymorphism, the STL and templates.

The focus for this assignment is for you to demonstrate that you can apply the language features discussed during the course to make the code better in any way you see fit. Some examples of concepts you could focus on when making the code better are: readability, maintainability, usability, code safety and efficiency. Note that this list is for inspiration, it is not a requirement. You don't have to use these concepts if you find other ways to improve the code. Just make sure to clearly discuss your intentions in part II.

### The assignment

You must identify **suitable** parts of the given code that can be improved, and then demonstrate how to make those improvements. Your improvement must involve:

- STL Algorithms **or** STL containers (you choose which one you want to focus on)
- Classes and Polymorphism
- Templates

For each concept you must demonstrate at least one place in the code that can be improved by introducing/using that concept.

**Note:** It is not required that you rewrite *everything*. It is enough that you rewrite parts of the code to demonstrate your ideas and understanding.

It is up to you to show that you understand these concepts. Remember that more advanced features does not necessarily imply better code.

**Note:** If you have trouble showing all of these concepts in one solution, you are allowed to create different solutions based on the given code. If you do this, place each solution in its own separate file and write a comment that describe which concepts you are covering in that file.

### Suggestions and hints

**Suggestion:** Try to quickly analyze which parts will be easier and which will be harder to rewrite and plan your time accordingly. If you want to try for higher grades our recommendation is that you are done with Part I and Part II within 3 to 4 hours.

**Hint:** There are a lot of comments in the code. Some of these comments contains a wishlist. These are improvements that the author would like the code to contain. You are free to use these whishlists as inspiration, but there may be other parts you wish to improve.

**Hint:** Some parts might be improved by completely rewriting them. Your solution doesn't have to use code from the given file, as long as your solution performs the same work as the given program but in a better way.

There are more hints and suggestions in the given file.

## Part II

### Rules

The answer to this part must be written as a text. You need to use a program where you can insert headers, text and code examples. You can for example use Microsoft Word or OpenOffice. It is also OK to use a pure text format (for example markdown). The important part is that the formatting clearly separates headers, text and code examples (and that you can export it as a pdf). The entire text should be possible to read and understand without reading your solution to part I. This means that you have to insert relevant pieces of code from your solution into the document. Your document should be around 500 to 2000 words long.

### The assignment

You must answer ***ALL*** of the following questions about your solution to part I. Remember to demonstrate **suitable** usage of these concepts in each question. More advanced features does not necessarily imply better code. It is recommended that you write one header per question.

1. Describe the class hierarchy of your solution. You should do **one** of these:
  - describe the classes and their relationships textually
  - draw a UML diagram (photos of hand drawn diagrams or digitally drawn diagrams are both OK)
2. Discuss how and why your usage of polymorphism is better than the given code. Describe the reasoning behind each virtual function, each class and the encapsulation. Discuss how these things improve the design of the program.
3. Describe a piece of your solution where you use templates and explain why you made those changes. If you have multiple places in the code to choose from, it is up to you to describe the one you think demonstrates the usage of templates best.
4. Describe a piece of your solution where you use STL algorithms or STL containers and explain why you made those changes. If you have multiple places in the code to choose from, it is up to you to describe the one you think demonstrates your knowledge best.

## Part III

### Introduction

**You only have to write this part if you want a higher grade. However it can also help you compensate any potential flaws in part I and/or part II.**

In this part two programming assignments are presented, each paired with a question.

- To get a grade 4 you need to solve one of the assignments.
- To get a grade 5 you need to solve both assignments.

We count a solution as solved if you have fulfilled the requirements specified in the assignment and if you have answered the question.

Write your answers to the questions in a separate document that you then submit as a PDF with your code to “2020-08-19: Final submission part III”. Note that your answers can be short as long as they actually answer the question.

**Note:** We don't expect perfect solutions. If you are *close enough* we might still grade the assignment as solved. So if you feel that you are close to a solution you can still submit it. But if you do, make sure to write comments on what you have tried and why you think it didn't work.

**Note:** Any solution that doesn't compile will **not** be considered solved. **So make sure to comment out any code that causes compile errors.**

## Assignment 1

In this assignment you will create a function `merge` that takes two `std::tuple` objects and merge them into one `std::tuple`. What this means is that given the tuples `{ 1, 2.5 }` and `{ 4, "hello" }` the `merge` function should return the tuple `{ 1, 2.5, 4, "hello" }`.

In this assignment there are some restrictions:

- You **must** solve this assignment with the help of `std::integer_sequence`.
- You are **not** allowed to use `std::tuple_cat`.
- `merge` must take exactly 2 parameters both of which being `std::tuple`. However, creating helper functions with more parameters are OK.

In `assignment1.cc` there are a few testcases given.

**Hint:** Make `merge` into a variadic template where the template parameters are the types of the tuples, this way you have access to the type list of each of the two tuples.

**Hint:** `index_sequence_for` might be useful.

**Question:** Why can we access fields in tuples either by type or by index when we use the `std::get` function? Are there any problems that is solved in one of the methods that the other one cannot handle?

## Assignment 2

In the `<type_traits>` header there are a lot of useful utilities for retrieving type information during compile time. One of these is `std::common_type` which takes two types and return the type that can best represent values from both types. For example, the most common type of `int` and `double` is `double`, since `double` can store integers, but not the other way around.

In this assignment you are going to create the much less useful (maybe even completely useless) sister trait `uncommon_type` which does the complete opposite. Of the two types passed to it, `uncommon_type` will return the one that *cannot* represent values of both types. So if `std::common_type<int, double>::type` is `double`, then the complete opposite should be returned from `std::uncommon_type<int, double>::type`, namely `int`.

In order to implement it you can take the result of `std::common_type` and simply use the type that wasn't returned. In order to do this `std::is_same` and `std::conditional` might be useful.

Note that `uncommon_type` should be a `struct` that takes two template parameters, `T1` and `T2`. The “returned” type should be “stored” in the type alias `uncommon_type<T1, T2>::type`.

In `assignment2.cc` there are some testcases given.

**Question:** What is the difference between `std::conditional` and `std::enable_if`? Why do you think the STL contain both of these similar type traits?