







Simulator, Emulator

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- Machine code is interpreted \rightarrow machine code
- e.g. Simulate a processor on an existing processor.



Natural Language – Translators

- \blacksquare e.g. Chinese \rightarrow English
- Very difficult problem, especially to include context.
- Example 1: *Visiting relatives* can be hard work
 - To go and visit relatives ...
 - Relatives who are visiting ...
- Example 2: I saw a man with a telescope

Why High-Level Languages?

- Understandability (readability)
- Naturalness (languages for different applications)

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- Portability (machine-independent)
- Efficient to use (development time) due to
 - separation of data and instructions
 - typing

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- data structures
- blocks
- program-flow primitives
- subroutines







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Lexical Analysis (Scanner)

Input:

Sequence of characters

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- Output:
- Tokens (basic symbols, groups of successive characters which belong together logically).

1. In the source text isolate and classify the basic elements that form the

	Tokens	Example
	Identifiers	Sum, A, id2
	Constants	556, 1.5E-5
	Strings	"Provide a number"
	Keywords, reserved words	while, if
	Operators	*/ + -
	Others	,;

Scanner Lookahe	ead for Tricky Tokens	Scanner Return Values	
Example1: FORTRAM	۷:	The scanner returns values in the form	
DO 10 I=1,15	is a loop, but	<type, value=""></type,>	
DO 10 I=1.15	is an assignment DO10I = 1.15	Example: IF sum < 15 THEN z := 153 Inde	Symbol table
NB! This is since blar	iks have no meaning in FORTRAN.	< 5, 0 > 5 = IF, 0 = lacks value < 7, 14 > 7 = code for identifier, 14 = entry to symbol table < 9, 1 > 9 = relational operator, 1 = '<' 14	2 Z
Example 2: Pascal		< 1, 15> 1 = code for constant, 15 = value < 2, 0 > 2 = THEN, 0 = lacks value < 7, 9 > 7 = code for identifier, 9 = entry to symbol table	Regular expressions are
VAR i: 1525;	(15. is a real 15 15 is an integer)	< 3, 0 > 3 = ':=', 0 = lacks value < 1,153 > 1 = code for constant, 153 = value	
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- their type ...
- Function:
 - 1. Semantic analysis checks items which a grammar can not describe, e.g.
 - type compatibility a := i * 1.5
 - correct number and type of parameters in calls to procedures as specified in the procedure declaration.



Code Optimization (more appropriately: "Code Improvement")



- Input: Internal form
- Output: Internal form, hopefully improved.
- Machine-independent code optimisation:
 - In some way make the machine code faster or more compact by transforming the internal form.

Code Generation

- Input: Internal form
- Output: Machine code/assembly code
- Function:
- 1. Register allocation and machine code generation (or assembly code).

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- 2. Instruction scheduling (specially important for RISC)
- 3. Machine-dependent code optimisation (so-called "peephole optimisation").
- Example: Z := A+B*C is translated to:

MOVE 1, B

IMUL 1, C

ADD 1, A MOVEM 1, Z

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