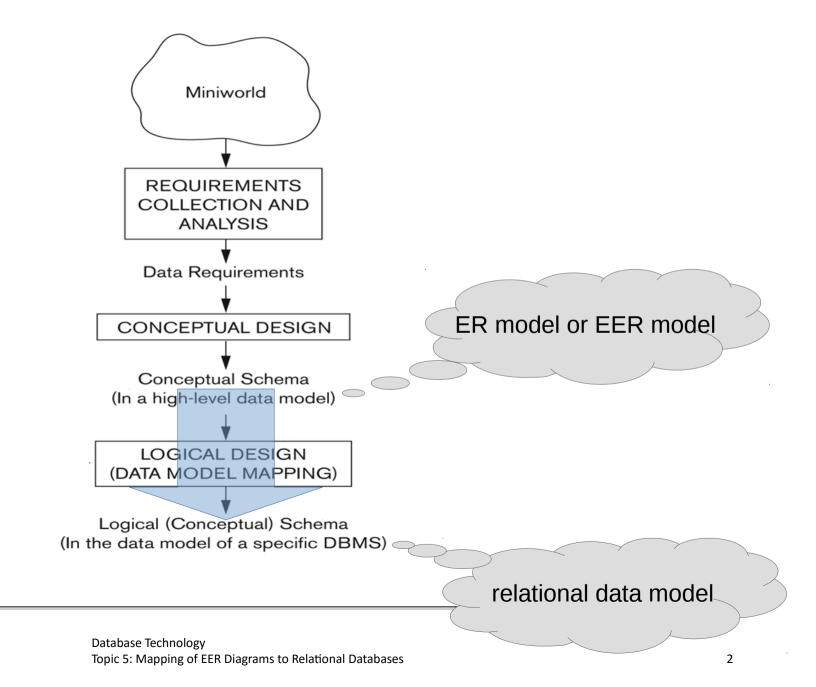
Database Technology

Topic 5: Mapping of EER Diagrams to Relational DBs

Olaf Hartig olaf.hartig@liu.se



Recall: DB Design Process



Algorithm/Procedure for ER Diagrams

Step 1: Convert all regular entity types

- new relation, flatten composite attributes, ignore multivalued attributes
- Step 2: Convert all weak entity types
 - new relation, attributes as above, include identifying relationship type(s)

Step 3: Convert all 1:1 relationship types

- foreign key into either relation, include attributes of the relationship
- Step 4: Convert all 1:N relationship types
 - foreign key into N-side relation, include attributes of the relationship
- Step 5: Convert all remaining relationship types (N:M, ternary, 4-ary, ...)
 - new relation with foreign keys, include attributes of the relationship

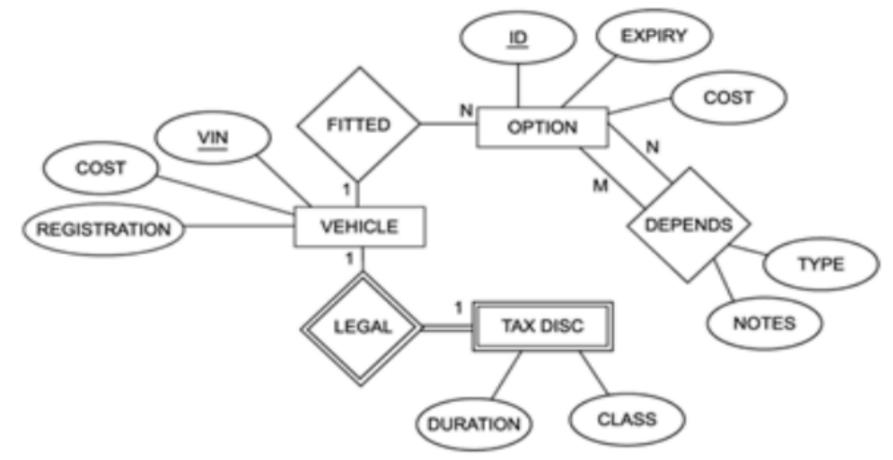
Step 6: Convert all multivalued attributes

• new relation with foreign keys



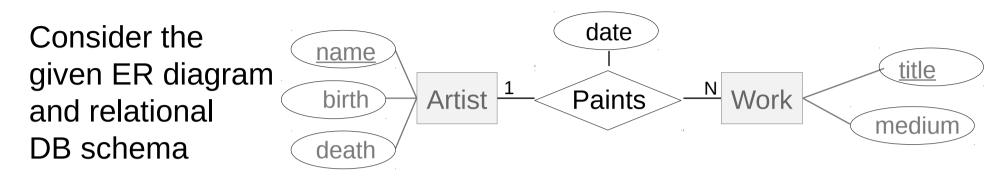
Example

Translate the following ER Diagram into a relational database schema.





Quiz



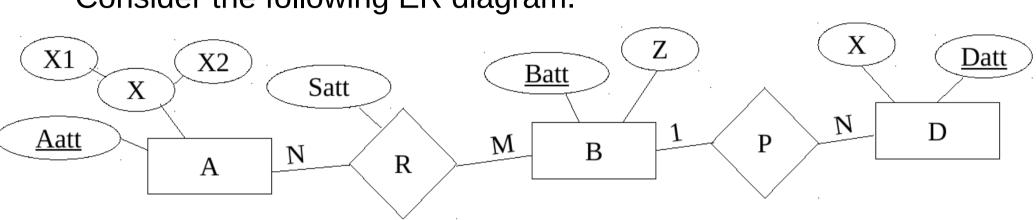
Artist(name, birth, death), Work(title, medium)

The Paints relationship can be represented by:

- A. introducing a third schema: Paints(name,<u>title</u>,date)
- **B.** extending the Work schema to be Work(<u>title</u>,medium,name,date)
- C. extending the Artist schema to be Artist(<u>name</u>,birth,death,title,date)
- D. either A or B above
- E. any of A, B, or C above

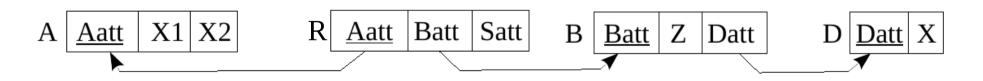


Exercise



Consider the following ER diagram.

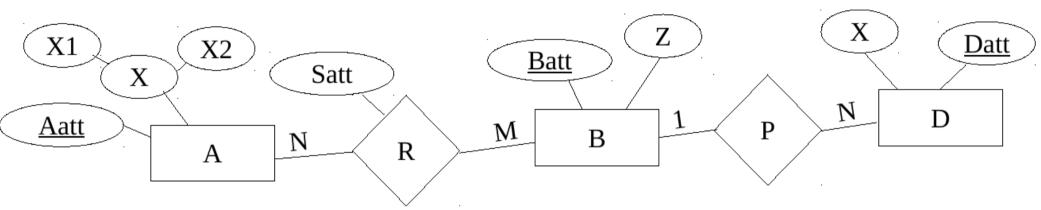
Your friend tried to translate this ER diagram into a relation DB schema. The result is illustrated below. Unfortunately, your friend made *two mistakes*. Identify these mistakes.





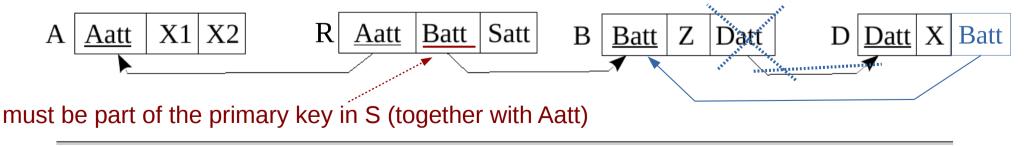
Database Technology Topic 5: Mapping of EER Diagrams to Relational Databases

Exercise



Consider the following ER diagram.

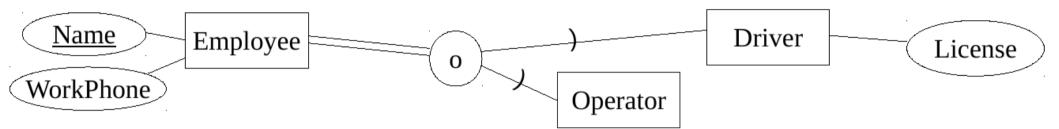
Your friend tried to translate this ER diagram into a relation DB schema. The result is illustrated below. Unfortunately, your friend made *two mistakes*. Identify these mistakes.





Another Exercise

Consider the following EER diagram.



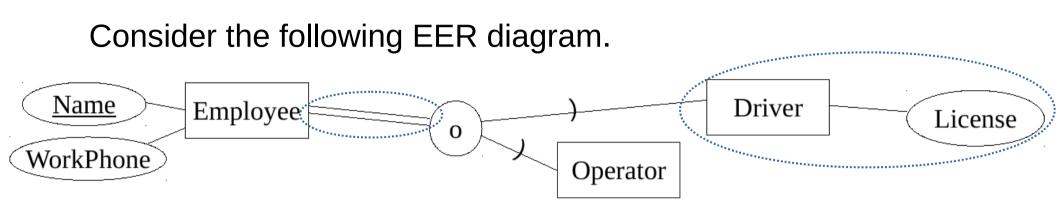
Possible translation into a relation DB schema: single relation with a Boolean-type attribute for every subclass.

Employee <u>Name</u> Workphone isDriver isOperator License

Some information (such as constraints) captured in the EER diagram is not captured anymore in the relational DB schema. Which?



Another Exercise



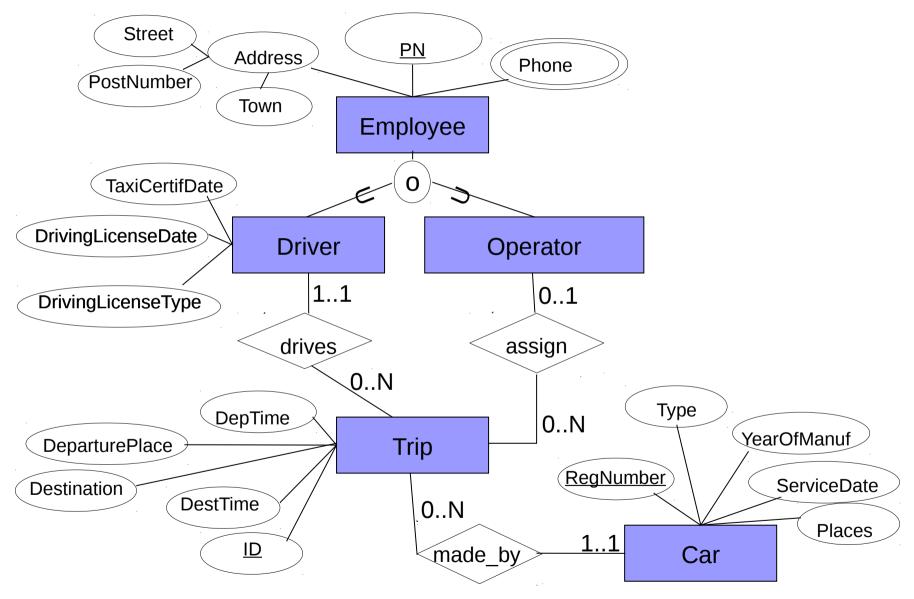
Possible translation into a relation DB schema: single relation with a Boolean-type attribute for every subclass.

Employee Name Workphone isDriver isOperator License

Some information (such as constraints) captured in the EER diagram is not captured anymore in the relational DB schema. Which?



Example 2





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