## Tentamen i TDDC23 Programvarutestning måndag den 13 augusti 2007

\_\_\_\_\_

- Inga hjälpmedel.
- Frågorna är på engelska p.g.a. kurslitteratur, ni kan välja att svara på svenska eller engelska.

Mariam Kamkar: 070-9191949

## Lycka till

\_\_\_\_

- 1. Name different level of testing. (1 p)
- 2. Complete the following sentence: (2 p)

Objective of unit and integration testing: to ensure that ...

- 3. Give the Applicability, Disadvantage and Advantage of White-box testing. (2 p)
- 4. What is Exhaustive testing? (1 p)
- 5. Identify the Equivalence Classes for the following specification. (2 p)

*Specification*: the program accepts three to five inputs which are 4 digit integers greater than 1000.

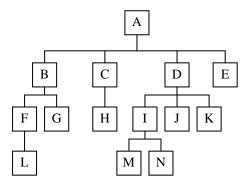
6. Develop decision table test cases for the following triangle program: (3 p)

The program accepts three integers, a, b, and c as input. The three values are interpreted as representing the lengths of sides of a triangle. The integers a, b, and c must satisfy the following conditions:

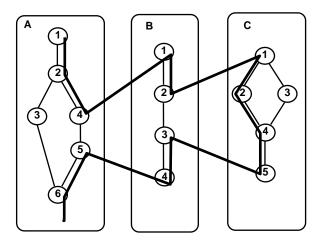
- C1:  $1 \le a \le 200$ C2:  $1 \le b \le 200$ C3:  $1 \le c \le 200$ C4:  $a \le b + c$ C5:  $b \le a + c$ C6:  $c \le a + b$
- 7. Generate test cases from the decision table you developed for triangle program in the previous exercise. (2 p)
- 8. Name and describe two different testing paradigms. (2 p)

Tentamen 2007-08-13 TDDC23 1

9. The following figure illustrates the component hierarchy in a software system. Describe the sequence of tests for integration the components using a *bottom-up* approach and a *sandwich* approach. (4 p)



10. Find the *source* and *sink* nodes in the following graph with MM-path, module A calls module B, which in turn calls module C. (3 P)



11. Based on source and sink nodes find the module execution paths (MEP) in the graph. (4p)

MEP(A, I) =

MEP(A, II) =

MEP(A, III) =

MEP(B, I) =

MEP(B, II) =

MEP(C, I) =

MEP(C, II) =

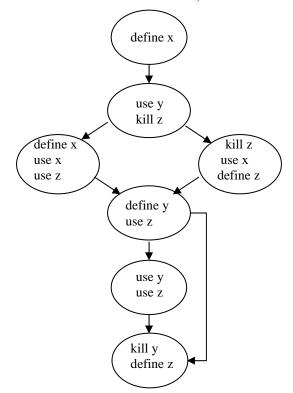
- 12. Describe test stubs and drivers. When are they needed, and why? (2 p)
- 13. *Specification*: the character in column 1 must be an "N" or a "P". The character in column 2 must be a digit. In this situation, the file update is made. If the first character is incorrect, message M-1 is issued. If the second character is not a digit, message M-2 is issued.

Based on this specification: (5 p)

- Identify causes and effects
- Design a cause-effect graph with constraint from identified causes and effects
- Propose a decision table for testing the software
- 14. Explain the three following Scripting techniques. (3 p)
  - Linear
  - Structured
  - Keyword-driven
- 15. Early data flow analysis often centered on a set of faults that are known as define/reference anomalies.

Given the following notations and the control flow graph annotated with define-use-kill information, for each variable examine the *define-use-kill* patterns along the control flow graph and the kind of anomaly it could generate. (3 p)

- **d**: defined, created, initialized, etc.
- **k**: killed, undefined, released
- **u**: used for something
- ~d: the variable does not exist, then it is defined
- ~u: the variable does not exist, then it is used
- **k**: the variable does not exist, then it is killed



16. What is regression testing? (1 p)

Tentamen 2007-08-13 TDDC23 3